

Roll No.

1201

B. E. 1st Sem. [E. Scheme : (New)]

Examination May, 2007

ESSENTIAL OF COMM.

Paper : HUM- 101 - E

Time : Three hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

Before answering the question, candidate should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note : All questions are compulsory.

1. (A) Find out the synonyms for the underlined word from the options given below : (Attempt any three)

1. It was a hazardous journey :

(a) haphazard

(b) dangerous

(c) horrible

(d) tiresome

2. The culprit was given rigorous punishment :

(a) powerful

(b) severe

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- (c) strong
- (d) violent

3. I would not doubt his integrity for one moment :

- (a) unity
- (b) honesty
- (c) faith
- (d) courage

4. Swizerland is a fascinating country :

- (a) large
- (b) charming
- (c) foreign
- (d) communist

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(B) Give antonyms for any *three* of the following :

- (1) Dangerous
- (2) Include
- (3) Probable
- (4) Ignorance

3

(C) Supply from the brackets correct word in the space left blank in any *six* of the following sentences :

- 1. He his sword and challenged the invaders. (waived/waved)
- 2. This forest used to with birds in this season. (team/teem)

3. He is going to all the sheep today.
(shear/sheer)
4. Somebody has tried to with records.
(tamper/temper)
5. The fireplace was all covered with
(suit/soot)
6. He stood through this long ordeal.
(stationery/stationary)
7. It never rains; it (pores/pours)
8. A flash of revealed the landscape to him.
(lightning/lightening)

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(D) Do As Directed any *three* of the followings :

1. Make noun from 'know'
2. Make verb from 'short'
3. Make adjective from 'space'.
4. Use the word 'key' in two different meanings.

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2. (A) Frame simple sentences on the patterns given below : (Attempt any *five*)

1. Subject + verb 'be' + complement (adjective)
2. Subject + Intransitive Verb + Complement
(noun)
3. Subject + verb + object + object complement.
4. Subject + verb + Infinitive.

5. Subject + verb + object + Present participle.
6. Subject + verb + object + bare infinitive.
7. Exclamation word + adjective + subject + verb.

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(B) Combine each set of simple sentences into one complex or compound one : (Do any *ten*)

1. I met Mr. Narang. He helped me.
2. I was depending on you. You betrayed me.
3. She did not come. She did not send any message.
4. Sudhir is credulous. He has been often deceived.
5. You can join a company. You can go abroad.
6. It began raining. We rushed to seek some shelter.
7. Arrange some generators. the work should not stop.
8. The child cried to attract our attention. It was hungry.
9. How does this machine function ? Don't you know it ?
10. The night is very dark. I cannot see anything.
11. We met in the park. Have you forgotten it.
12. I see that beggar, I always give him some money.

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(C) Make simple sentences by joining the sentences given below : (Do any *five*)

1. The book was completed. He went to sleep.
(use perfect participle)
2. He has come to India. He wants to study Sanskrit here.
3. He helped me. He was sincere about it.
4. He had succeeded. He discovered this achievement of his. He jumped with joy.
5. She wept. She had heard a sad news.
6. Mahesh is a printer. People appreciate him very much. 5

3. (A) Define any *three* of the following terms :

- (i) Phoneme
- (ii) Consonant
- (iii) Syllable
- (iv) Glottal sounds
- (v) Bilabial sounds

$$2\frac{1}{2} \times 3 = 7\frac{1}{2}$$

(B) Transcribe any *eight* of the following words into International Phonetic Alphabet :

- (1) girl
- (2) force
- (3) lose
- (4) Pink

- (5) turn
- (6) account
- (7) ask
- (8) receipt
- (9) know
- (10) village
- (11) tour

7 $\frac{1}{2}$

4. Comprehend the following passages and answer the questions that follow :

In modern business management, conferences, meetings, group discussions, have come to occupy an important place with the result that oral communication by means of simple, direct, natural, forceful and purposeful speech has gained very much in importance.

This requires training, because without training, one cannot present one's ideas clearly and to the satisfaction of the group. And unless this is done, one cannot stand out as the leader of the group. If one has the knowledge but cannot express, one cannot make one's mark in the world of business executives. Ideas must be expressed in such a way that they influence and persuade others. This quality is the very essence of leadership. Only when people are influenced by one's speech, one can expect to get things done through him. Besides, mastery in making a speech gives one a feeling of confidence and personal satisfaction, which is very essential to modern

business transaction. In the ultimate analysis, one should organize and deliver the speech effectively, so that it is acceptable to listeners and it must move to a definite objective :

1. What is the most important activity in modern business management ?
 2. Who excels over others in a group discussion ?
 3. What is the essence of leadership ?
 4. How does one feel after having made a good speech ?
 5. What makes a good speech ? $3 \times 5 = 15$
5. (A) Describe any *one* of the following :
- (1) A Computer
 - (2) My India
 - (3) Teachers now a days. $7\frac{1}{2}$

- (B) Present your views on the topic - Will privatization of public sector bring positive economic and social changes ?

OR

Are reservations for particular castes in IIT's and IIM's in favour of a developing nation ? Present your view. $7\frac{1}{2}$

6. Why and what did the crew want to do to Columbus ?
Why did they not succeed in their plan ?

OR

Briefly draw the picture of life in 2050 as outlined by the author J. Gorden in the Chapter 'The year 2050'. 12

7. (A) Use any *four* of the following words as verbs in your sentences :

- (1) rig
- (2) warrant
- (3) temper
- (4) stand
- (5) design
- (6) characterize.

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- (B) Use any *four* of the following connectors to join clauses :

- (1) however
- (2) nevertheless
- (3) but
- (4) still
- (5) yet

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